Fedora – Community-based

Development

Open Source Days 2011, Copenhagen

Robert Scheck



Robert Scheck

Fedora Package Maintainer and Provenpackager Fedora Ambassador and Ambassador Mentor Part of Fedora Websites and Translation teams Open Source Contributor and Software Developer

Mail: robert@fedoraproject.org Web: http://fedoraproject.org/wiki/RobertScheck



History

A long, long time ago...

...between 1994 and 2003...

...in a country far, far away...

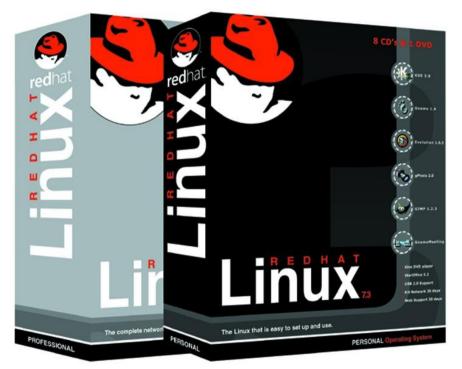
...Raleigh, North Carolina, US...

...there was a Linux distribution named...



Red Hat Linux

- Commercially available as box with CDs and printed manual
- Concurrently available as free download on the Internet
- New versions released about every 6 months





Problems

- Less profit with commercially sold boxes
- Main profit due to large business customers
- Different product and support life times \rightarrow Between 18 months and 5 years
- No stable and reliable base for partners
- Extreme between innovation vs. stabilization





Split-up into two different Linux distributions:



Fedora Core



Fedora vs. RHEL

- Free available
- Short release cycle:
 6 months
- Latest software
- 13 month support and product life time
- Free support by the community
- Early adopters

- Subscription
- Long release cycle: 2-3 years
- Stable software
- 7-10 years support and product life time
- Support contract with Red Hat
- Business customers



Fedora

- Fedora is the red hat in the Red Hat logo
- But: Fedora is not Red Hat
- fedora.us project was an add-on RPM repository for Red Hat Linux
- Red Hat Linux became Fedora Core, fedora.us became Fedora Extras
- Fedora 7 merges Core and Extras



4 Foundations

Our 4 core values:

- Freedom
- Friends
- Features





Foundation: Freedom



- Only free software
- Free to use
- Free to share and copy
- Free to modify



Foundation: Friends

- Fedora is driven by the community
- Very active community
- Respectful coexistence
- Cooperation with developers and distributions





Foundation: Features



- Fedora offers new features
- Uses and creates standards
- Works closely with upstream developers and projects
- Very open and transparent development process



Foundation: First

- Fast integration of new software
- Developing new technologies
- Rapid release cycle
- Sometimes the first to fail





Follow upstream

- Get and keep in touch with the developers
- Participate and involve at development
- Support upstream with debugging and fixing
- Send all patches to upstream developers
- Keep using existing standards
- Do nothing that the upstream developer of a program would not do



Easy downstream

- Allow others to use Fedora as base
- Easy rebranding
 - fedora-release
 - fedora-release-notes
 - fedora-logos
- More than 40 Linux distributions are based on Fedora, starting with RHEL, over OLPC Linux, to exotics like Niigata or Kororaa
 fedoro

Structure

- Sub-projects: Ambassadors, Design, Websites, Packaging, Documentation, Quality Assurance, Translation, Infrastructure, ...
- Lead of sub-projects by Steering Committees: FESCo, FamSCo, FDSCo, FLSCo, ...
- Special Interest Groups: KDE SIG, Fonts SIG, EPEL SIG, Cloud SIG, Games SIG, ...
- Fedora Board is the political head
- Democratic votings

Open Source Days 2011 – Fedora: Community-based Development – Robert Scheck

fedoro

Communication

- Mail and mailing lists
- IRC
- IRC meetings
- Fedora Talk (VoIP)
- Face to Face
- Bug tracker
- Trac and Wiki



Features

What is a feature? A feature is...

- a change clearly identifiable as such for users
- a change that requires coordination between different groups or teams
- a new function that only Fedora has
- important enough to delay a Fedora release
- remarkable enough to be mentioned in the Release Notes
 fedorof

Feature process

- Each feature needs a wiki page
- Wiki page is reviewed by the Feature Wrangler
- Wrangler releases the page for FESCo
- FESCo decides and votes on the feature
- Feature will be realized and implemented
- Check at each milestone if the feature is complete



Milestones & Schedule

Planning and Development for Fedora 15 begins	2010-11-02
Feature and Spin Submission Deadline	2011-01-25
Feature and Spin Freeze	2011-02-08
Alpha and Software String Freeze	2011-02-15
Alpha Release	2011-03-08
Software Translation Deadline	2011-03-15
Beta Freeze	2011-03-22
Beta Release	2011-04-05
Final Freeze	2011-04-25
Compose "Final" Release Candidate (RC)	2011-04-26
Release / General Availability (GA) of Fedora 15	2011-05-10
End Of Live (EOL) of Fedora 15	2012-06-10 👝
f	doro

Release engineering

- Manages the build system and repositories
- Creates the CD and DVD images
- Ensures keeping of the schedule
- Approves updates during freezes for releases
- Decides about the disclosure of the release



Spins

- Spins are installable Live CDs of Fedora: KDE, Xfce, LXDE, Sugar, Design, Games, Security Lab, Electronic Lab, BrOffice, ...
- Adjustments for needs: Package selection, localisation, small tweaks, etc.
- But: No fundamentally different distribution!
- Spins are official Fedora sub-projects
- Fedora Remixes are alternatives to spins
 fedora

Ambassadors

- Official representatives of the Fedora Project
- Attend conferences, trade fairs and events
- Promote Fedora to users, hand out swag
- Looking for new contributors for Fedora
- Help by pointing people into correct direction
- Handle and try to answer and satisfy all kind of requests by visitors and users at events



Questions?

fedora

0

Thank you!